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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/856,358		05/22/2001	Takehiko Kezuka	P07223US00/L	6873	
881	7590	05/02/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
211122 00	STITES & HARBISON PLLC 1199 NORTH FAIRFAX STREET				UMEZ ERONINI, LYNETTE T	
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	ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314				1765	

DATE MAILED: 05/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. 09/856,358 Caminer	ation.					
Examiner Lynette T. Umez-Eronini The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address - Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after Sts (6) MONTHS from the malling date of this communication. - If the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the malling date of this communication. - If the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the malling date of this communication. - If the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the malling date of this communication, and the price of	ation.					
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Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12						
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11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	:					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:						

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

DETAILED ACTION

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Request For Continued Examination

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/15/2005 has been entered.

Claim-Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1, 6, 15, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Schwabe (US 3,977,925), as applied to claim 1 above, and in view of McCollister et al. (US 4,273,826).

Schwabe teaches, ". . . an etchant composed of a mixture containing for each 100 gr of HNO₃, 20 gr of H₂O, 4 gr of HF and 110 gr of CH₃COOH (same as applicants' organic acid), (Abstract), which reads on and encompasses,

An etching solution comprising:

- (i) hydrofluoric acid;
- (ii) water in a concentration of 30% by weight or lower; and
- (iii) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an organic acid, an inorganic acid and an organic solvent having a heteroatom. Since Schwabe teaches the same etchant as claimed by applicants, then using Schwabe's etchant in the same manner as the claimed invention would result wherein the etching solution has at least one member selected from the group consisting of an organic acid and an inorganic acid having a pk_a at 25°C of about 2 and ratio of an etch rate of a boron silicate glass film (BSG) or boron phosphosilicate glass/ an etch rate of a thermal oxide film (THOX) at 25°C of 20 or higher, **in claim 1**.

Schwabe differs in failing to teach at least one member selected from the group as recited in claim 1, whose content ranges form 70 to 99.9% by weight.

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However, Schwabe teaches the same etchant composition as claimed by applicant and illustrates that the specific combination of HF, water, organic acid and inorganic acid, is known. As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select any proportion of HF, inorganic acid, organic acid, and in the reference of Schwabe that would effectively accomplish the disclosed composition because it has been held that there is no invention where the difference in proportions is not critical and was ascertained by routine experimentation because the determination of workable ranges is not considered inventive. See In re Swain and Adams, 70 USPQ 412 (CPA 1946).

Schwabe further teaches a process for producing a semiconductor arrangement from a monocrystalline silicon substrate for use in an integrated circuit by etching a silicon substrate (claim 1), which reads on,

claim 15, a method for producing an etched article by etching an article to be etched with the etching solution as defined in claim 1; and

claim 16, an etched article which is obtainable by the method of claim 15.

5. Claims 5, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Schwabe (US '925), as applied to claim 1 above, and in view of McCollister et al. (US 4,273,826).

Schwabe differs in failing to teach wherein the organic solvent is isopropyl alcohol, methanol, and ethanol respectively, in claims 5, 9, and 10.

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McCollister teaches an etchant solution containing a 47 weight percent solution of HF in water, 7.6 ml of a 37 weight percent of HCl in water and 112 ml of alcohol consisting of 90.2 weight percent ethanol, 4.8 weight percent methanol, and 5 weight percent isopropanol (column 4, lines 40-45) and illustrates that the specific combination of HF, water, and organic solvent (i.e. ethanol, methanol, and isopropanol) and HF, HCl, and water is known. As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select any of the said solvents in the reference of McCollister that would effectively accomplish the disclosed composition because they are known to effect etching a semiconductor layer.

6. Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwabe (US '925) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Grant et al. (US 5,439,553).

Schwabe differs in failing to teach a solvent in the etching solution has a relative dielectric constant of 61 or lower, in claim 2.

Grant teaches an etchant comprising HF along with organic materials such as methanol, isopropanol, acetone and acetic acid (column 5, line 63 – column 6, line 6 and claims 3-5) and further teaches these solvents prevent condensation and other contaminants on the oxide surface (column 3, lines 43-54). Also, the dielectric constants of the above solvents are known and can be found in any chemical handbook to be 61 or lower.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the claimed invention to modify Schwabe by employing a solvent, as taught by Grant and which is

known to have a dielectric constant of less than 61 for the purpose of preventing deposition of contaminants of the substrate (Grant, column 3, lines 43-54).

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 7. Schwabe (US '925) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Wanlass (US 3,997,381).

Schwabe differs in failing to specify the percent weight ratio of HF: HNO₃: water is 0.01-50: 1-70: 0-99.

Wanlass teaches an etching solution comprising of hydrofluoric (49% by weight), nitric (70% by weight), (column 7, lines 10-14), which encompasses the percent weight ratio of HF:HNO3:water is 0.01-50:1-70:0-99 and illustrates that the specific combination of HF, HNO₃, and water is known. As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select any proportion of HF, HNO₃, and water in the reference of Wanlass that would effectively accomplish the disclosed composition because it has been held that there is no invention where the difference in proportions is not critical and was ascertained by routine experimentation because the determination of workable ranges is not considered inventive. See In re Swain and Adams, 70 USPQ 412 (CPA 1946).

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 7 and 8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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9. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art of record taken alone or in combination fails to suggest, teach or render obvious an etching solution as recited in claim 1, wherein the organic solvent respectively comprises tetrahydrofuran and acetone, along with the rest of the limitations of the said claims.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 11, 12, 16, and 16 under 35 U.S. C. §102 (b) as being anticipated by Schwabe (US 3,977,925) and claims 5, 9, and 10 under §103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwabe (US '925) in view of McCollister et al. (US 4,273,826); and claims 2, 6, and 14 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwabe (US '925) in combination with either Grant et al. (US 5,439,553) or Wanlass (US 3,997,381) have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection because (Currently Amended) Claim 1, which recites "An etching solution comprising: . . . (iii) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an organic acid, an inorganic acid --having a pK_a at 25°C of about 2-- . . . , whose content ranges --from 70 to 99.9% by weight, -- . . . " is not taught by the former prior art of record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lynette T. Umez-Eronini whose telephone number is 571-272-1470. The examiner is normally unavailable on the First Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nadine Norton can be reached on 571-272-1465. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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PRIMARY EXAMINER

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April 27, 2005